

2026

Escuela de Música Vicente Ascone (EMVA)

Prueba de acceso al 2º curso del Programa de FORMACIÓN AVANZADO

ATENCIÓN:

Los primeros días del mes de febrero 2026 recibirá al email con el cual se inscribió información sobre un encuentro informativo, a realizarse por ZOOM, abierto a los/las interesados/as con el fin de evacuar dudas sobre la modalidad y los contenidos de las admisiones de percusión.

II. IX - PRUEBA DE ACCESO AL PROGRAMA AVANZADO

2. - ACCESO A 2º CURSO

Estructura de la prueba:

A) Ejercicio de lenguaje Musical y Piano Complementario: El contenido de estos ejercicios será el establecido en las Programaciones Didácticas de las asignaturas correspondientes.

B) Prueba de instrumento:

- Los aspirantes interpretarán al menos un estudio o movimiento de cada uno de los siguientes ítems:

- Tambor

“Study #78” (pág. 73) del libro: M. Peters: *Elementary Snare Drum Studies*.

- Teclados de percusión

“Prelude #2” de J.S. Bach (pág. 36) del libro G. Whaley: *Fundamental Studies for Mallets*.

- Percusión múltiple (set de instrumentos)

“Articulations” del libro: M. Goldenberg: *Studies in solo Percussion*.

- Batería

“Big Band Swinger” o “One for Evan” del libro: B. Hans: *Workin’ Drums 50 solos for Drumset* o *Play Along* de dificultad similar.

- Timbal

“Scherzo” (pág. 130 y 131) del libro: Raynor Carroll: *Exercises etudes and solos for the timpani*.

- Lectura a primera vista en Tambor y Teclados de Percusión (en un nivel de dificultad inferior al de la lectura propuesta en los materiales sugeridos de esta prueba).

- Ejercicios técnicos de Tambor:

- “Stick Control” (pág. 19 y 27) del libro M. Peters: *Elementary Snare Drum Studies*.

- “Study #34” (pág. 33) del libro M. Peters: *Elementary Snare Drum Studies*.
- “Single Paradiddles y Variations” (pág. 50) del libro M. Peters: *Elementary Snare Drum Studies*.
- “Roll Control Exercises” (pág. 66) del libro M. Peters: *Elementary Snare Drum Studies*.

- Ejercicios técnicos de Teclados de Percusión:
 - Escalas mayores (en tresillos de corchea a negra = 60 BPM).
 - Arpeggios mayores con sus inversiones (en tresillos de corchea a negra = 60 BPM).

- Interpretación de una parte individual (a elección) de la obra W. Kraft: *Trio for Percussion*.

Nota: La prueba equivale a un curso anual del Ensamble Académico de Percusión.

Study #78

♩. = 72-76

The musical score for Study #78 consists of eight staves of music in bass clef. The tempo is marked as ♩. = 72-76. The dynamics and articulations are as follows:

- Staff 1: *f* (forte)
- Staff 2: *p* (piano)
- Staff 3: *f* (forte) and *p* (piano)
- Staff 4: *mf* (mezzo-forte)
- Staff 5: *mp* (mezzo-piano)
- Staff 6: *f* (forte), *p* (piano), *f* (forte), *p* (piano), *f* (forte), *p* (piano), *f* (forte), *p* (piano)
- Staff 7: *mp* (mezzo-piano) and *mf* (mezzo-forte)
- Staff 8: *f* (forte) and *p* (piano)

This work is rather difficult due to the many wide intervallic leaps. Because of this fact however, it is an excellent study for developing a "feel" for the keyboard. Remember, an accidental applies to the note in front of which it appears and lasts for one measure only.

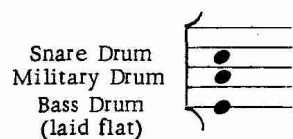
PRELUDE #2

JOHANN SEBASTIAN BACH

The musical score for "Prelude #2" by Johann Sebastian Bach is presented for Percussion Keyboard (e.g., xylophone). The piece is in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. It consists of 10 staves of music. The first staff begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic marking. The second staff contains a flat accidental (*b*) over the second measure. The sixth staff begins with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic marking. The eighth staff contains a piano (*p*) dynamic marking. The piece concludes with a repeat sign at the end of the tenth staff.

ARTICULATIONS

for Snare, Military and Bass Drums



MORRIS GOLDENBERG

Moderato $\text{♩} = 100$

f

(A)

(B)

(C)

p *f* *sfz* *p* *mf* *f*

(D)

p *mf* *f* *ff*

f

(E)

p *f*

sfz

Big Band Swinger

♩ = 100-120

The musical score is written for a drum part in 4/4 time, with a tempo of 100-120 beats per minute. The score consists of 24 measures, grouped into six systems of four measures each. The notation includes various rhythmic patterns, primarily using eighth and sixteenth notes, with many triplets indicated by a '3' over the notes. Dynamics are marked throughout: *f* (forte) at the beginning, *mp* (mezzo-piano) at measure 5, *mf* (mezzo-forte) at measure 9, *crescendo poco a poco* (gradually increasing) from measure 9 to 13, *ff* (fortissimo) at measure 13, *mp* at measure 17, and *ff* at measure 21. Articulations include accents (marked with a 'v' over the note) and breath marks (marked with an 'x' over the note). Measure numbers 5, 9, 13, 17, and 21 are enclosed in boxes. The score concludes with the instruction *Ad Lib.* (Ad Libitum) and *ritardando* (ritardando) at the end of the final measure.

Notation Legend

Five Piece Drumset

Drums

High Tom Middle Tom Snare Drum Low Tom Bass Drum

Cymbals

Crash Cymbal Hi-hat Cymbal w/Hand Ride Cymbal Hi-hat Cymbal w/Foot

Articulations

Cross Stick On Rim Cymbal Roll Cymbal Choke Open Hi-hat Half Open Hi-hat Closed Hi-hat

Flam Drag Flam between two drums Drum Roll Buzz (press) Roll Doublestop Ghost Stroke

Author's Note: This notation legend is modeled after the standards set forth in the work: *Guide to Standardized Drumset Notation*, by Norman Weinberg, published by the Percussive Arts Society, 1998. It is the author's opinion that this is the most comprehensive work of its kind available to this date, and if future publications also conformed to this notation system, reading drumset notation would be much easier.

Scherzo

$\text{♩} = 108$

1 *p* *mp* *p*

10 *mp*

17 *crescendo* *mf*

25 *f*

To Coda Coda symbol

33 *ff*

41

49

56 *(ff)* *decrescendo*

63 *p*

Detailed description: This is a musical score for Timbales, specifically for a piece titled 'Scherzo'. The score is written in bass clef with a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat) and a 3/4 time signature. The tempo is marked as 108 beats per minute (♩ = 108). The score consists of 63 measures, divided into systems of five measures each. The dynamics range from piano (p) to fortissimo (ff), with a crescendo and decrescendo section. The score includes a Coda symbol at measure 33. The notation includes various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests.

69

76

83

91

98

104

f

D.C. al Coda

110

Coda

117

124

130

f *ff*

----- TAMBOR (redoblante) -----

Stick Control

1) 

2) 

3) 

4) 

5) 

6) 

7) 

8) 

9) 

10) 

Stick Control

1) R _____ R L R L R L R L R L R L

2) L _____ L R L R L R L R L R L R

3) R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L

4) L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R

5) R L R L R L R R L L R L L R R L L

6) L R L R L R L L R R L L R R L L R R

7) R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L

8) L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R

9) R L R L R L R R L L R L L R R L

10) L R L R L R L L R R L R R L L R

11) R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L

12) L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R

13) R L R L R L R L L R R L R R L L

14) L R L R L R L R R L L R L L R R

15) R L R L R L R L R L R R L R L R L

16) L R L R L R L R L R L L R L R L R R

Study #34 - Accent Exercise

1) Alternate starting RH 2) Alternate starting LH

The musical score consists of ten staves of music, all in bass clef. The first staff begins with a C-clef and a common time signature. The exercises are as follows:

- Staff 1: Four measures of eighth-note patterns. Measures 1 and 3 start with an accent on the first eighth note. Measures 2 and 4 start with an accent on the second eighth note.
- Staff 2: Four measures of eighth-note patterns. Measures 1 and 3 start with an accent on the first eighth note. Measures 2 and 4 start with an accent on the second eighth note.
- Staff 3: Four measures of eighth-note patterns. Measures 1 and 3 start with an accent on the first eighth note. Measures 2 and 4 start with an accent on the second eighth note.
- Staff 4: Four measures of eighth-note patterns. Measures 1 and 3 start with an accent on the first eighth note. Measures 2 and 4 start with an accent on the second eighth note.
- Staff 5: Four measures of eighth-note patterns. Measures 1 and 3 start with an accent on the first eighth note. Measures 2 and 4 start with an accent on the second eighth note.
- Staff 6: Four measures of eighth-note patterns. Measures 1 and 3 start with an accent on the first eighth note. Measures 2 and 4 start with an accent on the second eighth note.
- Staff 7: Four measures of eighth-note patterns. Measures 1 and 3 start with an accent on the first eighth note. Measures 2 and 4 start with an accent on the second eighth note.
- Staff 8: Four measures of eighth-note patterns. Measures 1 and 3 start with an accent on the first eighth note. Measures 2 and 4 start with an accent on the second eighth note.
- Staff 9: Four measures of eighth-note patterns. Measures 1 and 3 start with an accent on the first eighth note. Measures 2 and 4 start with an accent on the second eighth note.
- Staff 10: Four measures of eighth-note patterns. Measures 1 and 3 start with an accent on the first eighth note. Measures 2 and 4 start with an accent on the second eighth note.

Single Paradiddle and Variations

Practice individually and in sequence.

1) > > > > 2) > > > >

a) R L R R L R L L R L R R L R L L R L R R L R L L R L R R L R L L
b) L etc.

3) > > > > 4) > > > >

R L R R L R L L R L R R L R L L R L R R L R L L R L R R L R L L

5) > > > > 6) > > > >

R L L R L R R L R L L R L R R L R L L R R L R L L R L R R L R L L R L

7) > > > > 8) > > > >

R L R L L R L R R L R L L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L R L L R L R R L R L L

9) > > > > 10) > > > >

R L R R L R L L R L R R L R L L R R L R L L R L R R L R L L R L R R L R L L

Roll Control Exercises

1) *p* *f*

2) *p* *f*

3) *p* *f*

4) *p* *f*

5) *f* *p*

6) *f* *p*

7) *f* *p*

8) *f* *p*

Do the above patterns with different rolling backgrounds.

To Alan Abel, Michael Bookspan and Charles Owen

Trio for Percussion

WILLIAM KRAFT

$\text{♩} = 84$

Tambourine (or Bongos*) 3/8 *Fingers on shell of inverted Tamb.** [5] *pp*

Snare Drum (Double-headed sticks) 3/8 *Snares off, felt tip* *pp*

Bass Drum 3/8 *Soft mallet* *pp*

[11] *pp*

[15]

[20] *f* *Knuckles on head**

[24]

Snares on, wood tips *ff*

3

f

* If Tambourine is used.

** If Bongos are used, the player may use Snare Drum sticks or hands.

© Copyright MCMLXVIII by MCA Music, a division of MCA Inc., 415 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10022
International Copyright Secured

Made in U.S.A.

All Rights Reserved

15609-104

29 33

fz 2 *p* *Snakes off* *Thumb** *p* 2 mallets**

38

2 *f* *Shake** *f* *p*

45 49

p *dim.* *pp ma marcato* (Snakes off) *up* 2 hard mallets *up*

57

e secco

*If Tambourine is used.

**Mallets should be chosen carefully so as to accomplish both smooth rolls and well articulated figures.

62 66

dim. pp

Solo well articulated mp

70 74

Thumb* mp pp

Snare on pp

78 81

p

85 88 92

mf fz fz

p fz mf fz

-p mf p fz mf fz

*If Tambourine is used.

26 100

f *ff* *pp* *cresc.*

109 113

f *p cresc.* *ff* *mf* *Solo*

117

f *dim. poco a poco* *mf* *Solo*

124 128

mp *dim. al fine* *p* *dim. al fine* *Solo (Fingers on shell)**

* If Tambourine is used.